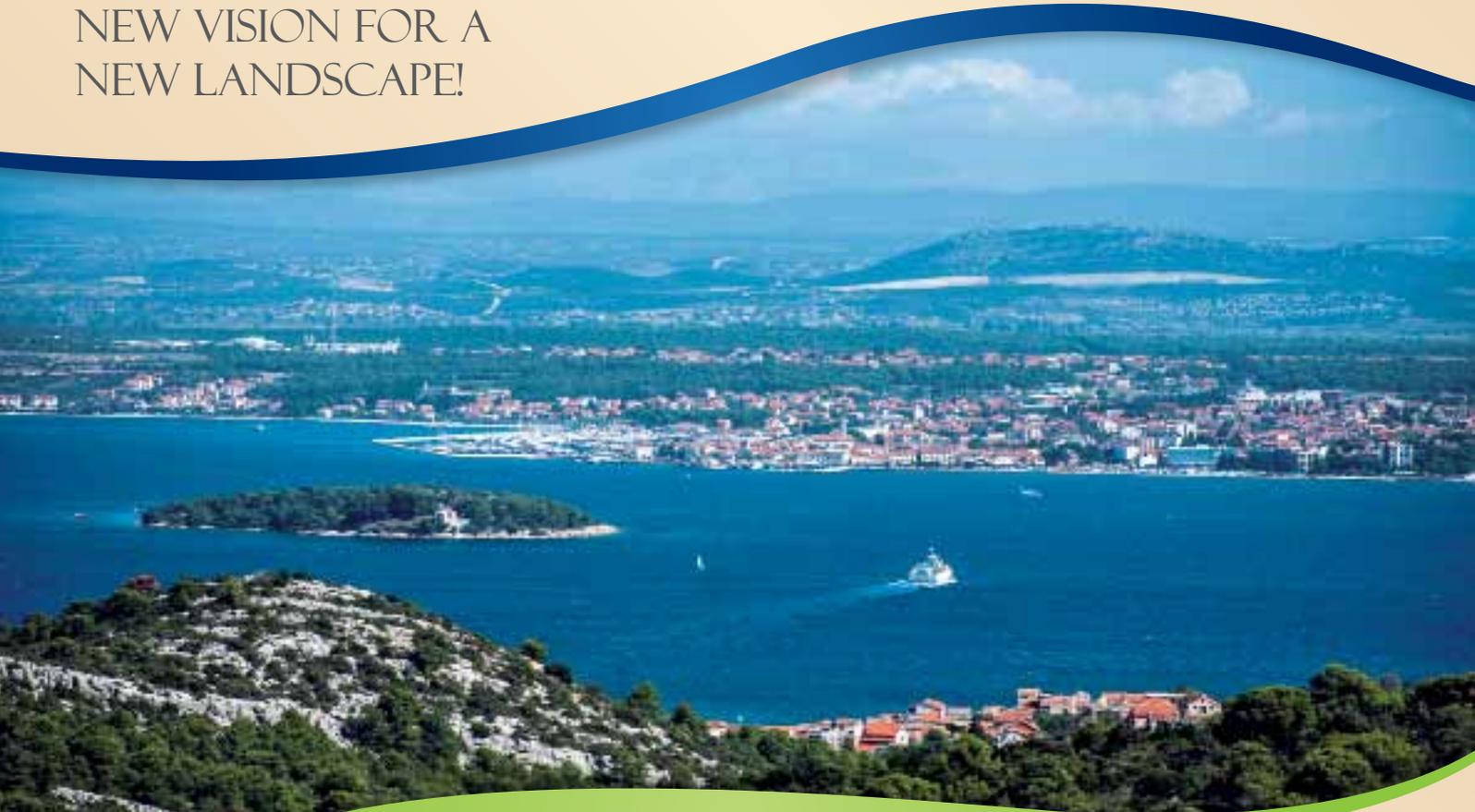


NEW VISION FOR A
NEW LANDSCAPE!



LAG  LAURA

ABOUT LAG LAURA...

LAG LAURA WAS FOUNDED IN 2009 AND IS ONE OF FIRST THREE LOCAL ACTION GROUPS FORMED IN CROATIA IN THE FRAMEWORK OF THE PHARE 2005 PROJECT "INSTITUTIONAL CAPACITY BUILDING AND SUPPORT FOR IMPLEMENTATION OF SAPARD/ IPARD PROGRAMME IN CROATIA".

LAG Laura was founded as an effort of rural towns and municipalities in the south of Zadar County to implement EU LEADER program procedures for rural development. LAG "Laura" produced a Local Development Strategy (LDS) and adopted a series of goals and measures aimed at promoting and encouraging rural development. LAG pilot area is in the south of Zadar county and it is consisted of two towns - Benkovac and Biograd na Moru - and eleven municipalities, including nine on the land: Bibinje, Galovac, Lišane Ostrovičke, Pakoštane, Polača, Stankovci, Sukošan, Sv. Filip i Jakov and Škabrnja, as well as Pašman and Tkon on Pašman island.

Pašman is one of 200 islands in the Country, less than 20 of them are populated. Nearby LAG area there are national park and three nature parks. The most notable characteristic of pilot area is coastal location and the surrounding of Adriatic islands. Beautiful coast, nice weather and clean water create background for certain life quality. These characteristics are attrac-

tions for a large number of tourists from the other parts of country and abroad in the main branch industry - tourism. But the economy is also based on transport (especially on maritime transport), aquaculture, fishing, manufacturing industry, trades and services, and on agriculture in the inland, in Ravni kotari.

Priorities (main objectives) of the LAG are: activating comparative advantages of the area; focusing on specialized production and promotion; and development of tourism.

Specific objectives are: improved and sustainable utilization of natural areas and human resources

using advanced technologies, knowledge and skills for improved economic growth, especially in fields of agriculture, forestry, fishing and traditional crafts, and wider cultural development, benefiting the largest number of inhabitants on the LAG area; Sustainable tourism with widely developed base of services which ensures income and employment growth all year long and at the same time preserves and enhances natural and manmade heritage. Priorities will be achieved by set of specific measures and activities: rural tourism development, economy and food development, micro small business development, social, cultural and other kinds of heritage development, environmental protection and improvement.



Public sector:

1. City of Biograd na Moru, www.biogradnamoru.hr
2. City of Benkovac, www.benkovac.hr
3. Municipality of Bibinje, www.opcina-bibinje.hr
4. Municipality of Galovac, www.galovac.net
5. Municipality of Lišane Ostrovičke, www.lisane-ostrovice.hr
6. Municipality of Pakoštane, www.opcina-pakostane.hr
7. Municipality of Pašman, www.pasman.hr
8. Municipality of Polača, www.opcina-polaca.hr
9. Municipality of Sukošan, www.opcina-sukosan.hr
10. Municipality of Sv. Filip i Jakov, www.opcina-svfilipjakov.hr
11. Municipality of Škabrnja, www.skabrnja.com
12. Municipality of Stankovci, www.stankovci.hr
13. Municipality of Tkon, www.tkon.hr

Civil sector:

1. Association for developing the community "BNM", Biograd na Moru
2. Association for organization the competition of ploughmen in Zadar County "Zuono", Biograd na Moru
3. Association of parents of children with special needs "Osmjeh", Biograd na Moru
4. Association of processors and manufactures of olives "Orkula", Biograd na Moru
5. Association for protection of the environment "Hippocampus", Biograd na Moru
6. Association of vegetable manufactures, Polača
7. Horse gallop club "Oluja 95", Polača, www.kgk-oluja95.hr



Business sector:

1. Agricultural cooperatives „List“, Biograd na Moru
2. Agricultural cooperatives „Maslina i vino“, Polača www.masvin-polaca.hr
3. Agricultural cooperatives „Škabrnja“, Škabrnja
4. Bošana d.o.o., Biograd na Moru, www.bosana.hr
5. Burčul t.o., Galovac
6. Family farm „Julonka“, Bibinje, www.julonka.com
7. Family farm Miljanić, Škabrnja
8. Ilirija d.d., Biograd na Moru, www.ilirijabiograd.com
9. Metalni Lijev TCG d.o.o., Benkovac
10. Pedišić d.o.o., Pašman, Ždrelac
11. Roca d.o.o., Stankovci, www.kuca-dalmatinskog-prsuta.hr
12. Touristic agency “Dalma turist centar”, Pakoštane, www.dalmaturist.hr
13. Trade for tourism and catering “Stipe”, Pakoštane, Drage, www.hotel-stipe.hr
14. Trade for tourism and sea fishing “4B”, Tkon
15. Trades and agricultural cooperatives “Vrisak”, Polača



BIOGRAD NA MORU

Area: 36,86 km², Population: 5528

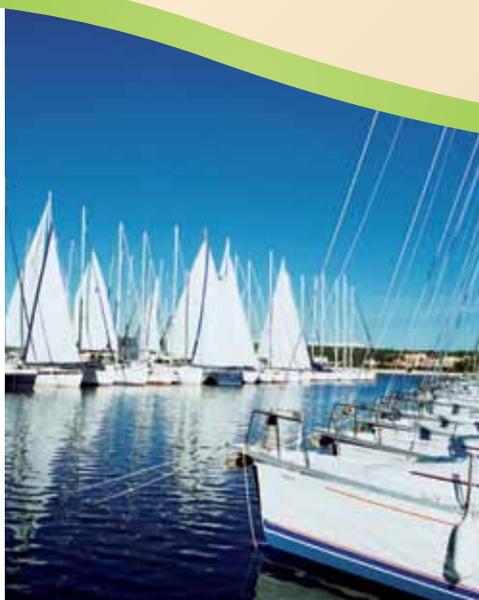
Biograd na Moru is a city and municipality in northern Dalmatia, Croatia and is significant for being the former capital of the medieval Croatian Kingdom. It is located on small peninsula surrounded by two little bays - Soline on south and Bošana on north, and in front islands Planac and Sveta Katarina. The town's native Croat name fully translates as "the white town on the sea". The name was first mentioned in the 10th century as a town founded by the Croats. It was one of the most important cities, being the capital of most Croatian regnants such as Stephen Držislav and Peter Krešimir IV and as well as an important religious place. It was the city where Coloman of Hungary was crowned in 1102, marking Croatia's joining the Kingdom of Hungary.

Thanks to its position on the most indented part of the Adriatic coast, this region offers excellent possibilities for nautical tourism and sailing as few places on the Mediterranean do. Three national parks are located in its proximity: Paklenica, Kornati archipelago and Krka Falls, and there are also nature parks such as Telašćica and Lake Vrana.

Annual manifestations:

- Biograd City Day
- Long pan - Croatian Eno - Eco - Gastro - Etno table
- Biograd Boat Show
- Biograd Summer games
- Biograd Night
- Moto Club party
- Majors for Peace
- 59th World Ploughing Contest in 2012





City of Biograd na Moru
Trg kralja Tomislava 5, 23210 Biograd na Moru, Croatia
tel: +385 (0)23 383 150; fax: +385 (0)23 383 377
e-mail: info@biogradnamoru.hr
www.biogradnamoru.hr



Ilirija d.d. is a company with more than 53 years of tradition, established back in 1957, located in Biograd. It is a part of the few tourism companies which, in their operations cover all three segments of the tourism offer: hotel industry, nautics and camping,

Contact:
www.ilirijabiograd.com

Association for olive trees owners and olive oil manufactures of Zadar County "Orkula" - except producing delicious olives and olive oil organizes every year "orkulafest" where you can taste award-winning extra virgin olive oils

Association for organization the competition of ploughmen in Zadar County "Zuono"

Agricultural cooperatives "List" - the fundamental aim is to unite fishermen and farmers, founders of the cooperatives and future subcontractors in the town of Biograd na Moru into a strong and relevant factor in the market of fish and agricultural products with eco characteristic features to become an important economic entity in Biograd and Zadar region.

Contact:
Trg kralja Tomislava 2
23210 Biograd na Moru
gsm: +385 (0)98 778 337
e-mail: hraspovic@yahoo.com

Tourist board Benkovac
Ante Starčevića 2b, 23240 Benkovac, Croatia
tel: +385 (0)23 681 834, fax: +385 (0)23 681 834
e-mail: tzg-benkovac@zd.t-com.hr
www.tz-benkovac.hr



BENKOVAC

Area: 516 km², Population: 12 000

Benkovac is located where the plain of Ravni Kotari and the karstic plateau of Bukovica meet, 20 km east from Biograd na Moru and 30 km from Zadar. The first traces of human life in the Benkovac area were found around the village of Smilčić that belonged to the Danilo culture. Before Roman conquest the area was inhabited by the Illyrian tribe of Liburnians. During the Roman Civil war the Liburnians sided with Caesar. In 7th century the area was settled by Croats. A lot of historic remains can be found in Benkovac like Liburnian village Asseria and Kaštel Benković.

The town consists of 41 settlements and it is close to 5 National Parks and 3 Parks of Nature. Economy is based on agriculture especially viticulture and exploitation of wider known Benkovac building stone. Benkovac has also annual cattle fare and vinary. Benkovac is well developed city in which guests come for it's history, culture, natural and historic legacy, as well as authentic experience of the Dalmatian hinterland.

Annual manifestations:

- Ravnokotarska fišijada
- Bukara Benkovac
- Benkovac prisnac - gastro Festival
- Beeenkovac - gastro manifestation
- Miss of the Zadar countryside
- Etno Festival
- Benkovac Fair - monthly manifestation





Family farm "Odžaković" located in the heart Straight districts in most ecological town in Croatia - Nadin, which stretches over 360 acres of vineyards where are grown renowned wines such as Merlot, Syrah, Cabernet Sauvignon. Within 65 km of the family farm "Odžakovic" there are 5 national parks (NP Vrana, Paklenica, Krka, Plitvice Lakes, Kornati).

Contact:

Nadin 90, 23420 Benkovac
gsm: +385 (0)91 535 17 41
e-mail: info@opg-odzakovic.com





BIBINJE

Area: 12,89 km²

Population: 4000

Bibinje is a village in Southern Croatia, situated southeast from Zadar, between the Adriatic tourist road and the sea, having a four kilometer coastline with beaches and pathways. The name Bibano/Bibanium dates as far back as the 11th century. According to a folk tradition, the town was first erected on top of the hill above its present location (more accurately, in the Bibinje field on the slope of the hills). Today, the center of that locality is called Petrina after the small Church of St. Peter from the 8th century. The population always depended on agriculture and cattle breeding, followed by the fishing trade in more recent times.

You are very sincerely greeted by your Bibinje hosts and welcome to stay in their very pleasant rooms and apartments for rent, with accommodation for approximately 2,500 guests in 800 registered rooms and apartments. There are several camps to be chosen from, all of them situated only a few meters away from the sea. Local restaurants offer special dishes of the region, there are cafes, small shops, a self-service shop in the town center, a repair shop for motor vehicles and boat engines.

Tourist board Bibinje

112. brigade HV 2, 23205 Bibinje, Croatia
tel: +385 (0)23 261 001; fax: +385 (0)23 261 001
e-mail: tzo-bibinje.hr; www.tzo-bibinje.hr

Annual manifestations:

- The Good Friday Procession
- Festival of Folklore and Customs of Zadar and Bibinje region
- "Raspivano Bibinje" - the Meeting of harmony-singing groups
- Bibinje celebration of St. Rok
- Fishermen's festivities and drama performance
- Festivity "Greeting Summer"



Flavoured wine "Julonka" is refined alcoholic drink which is groomed from quality wine with controlled geographical origin and ecologically cultivated. It is a mixture of wine and aromatised herbs which are all aphrodisiacs by their property. Alone production of drink is completely handmade and it represents a family secret.

Many months of work including dozens of litres of wine have been put on hold while drink has gained its desired taste. Great attention has been given to all details, from the label which is unique, to the bottle and its exceptional name.

Contact:

Julijan Lonić
Ulica sv. Nikole putnika 48
23205 Bibinje
tel: +385 (0)23 261 856
gsm: +385 (0)95 917 99 85, +385 (0)98 853 426



Municipality Galovac
23222 Galovac, Croatia
tel: +385 (0)23 392 073; fax: +385 (0)23 392 073
e-mail: opcina.galovac@gmail.com
www.galovac.net



GALOVAC

Area: 9,44 km², Population: 1238

Galovac is situated 12 km southeast of Zadar. The name came from the noble family Gallellis that had land in this area in 14th century. The Turks have occupied Galovac in Cypriot war and kept it till 17th century. On the site "Crkvina" are remains of early Christian sacral architecture; over 500 tombs (6th century), ruins of St. Bartolomeo (6th century), a small church from 18th century and St. Mihovil church 19th century.

Economy of Galovac is based on cultivation of grapevines and olives and rural tourism.

Annual manifestations:

- Traditional Folklore Festival
- Traditional Athletic race



"Burčul t.o." - prosciutto shop, offering service of cutting, selling and catering domestic products of bacon, prosciutto and cheese.

Contact:
gsm: +385 (0)91 392 15 50



LIŠANE OSTROVIČKE

Area: 49,5 km² Population: 764

While there are sites of Ostrovica in the Neolithic Age, the most important period is the 11th century when the family Šubić inherited the area. In 1347 George III, son of Paul Ostrovičkog gives Ludovik I Anžuinac Ostrovica in exchange for the city Zrin, and since that it follows the history of the genus Šubić - Zrinski and Ostrovica becomes the first royal fortress that Ludovik Ažuinac has acquired in Croatia. In the group of state heraldic symbol of Dalmatia emblem is the oldest and first, from the 14th century, and it represented the whole Dalmatia and it is the oldest coat of arms preserved in stone. As an emblem of the Croatian king was presented to the church's general assembly in Constanza (1483.) and until the late 15th century appeared on the coins of other Hungarian-Croatian kings.

Economy is based on agriculture and livestock breeding.

Annual manifestations:

- "Ojkanje" - traditional singing festival (in 2010 it has been inscribed in UNESCOs List of Intangible Cultural Heritage in Need of Urgent Safeguarding)

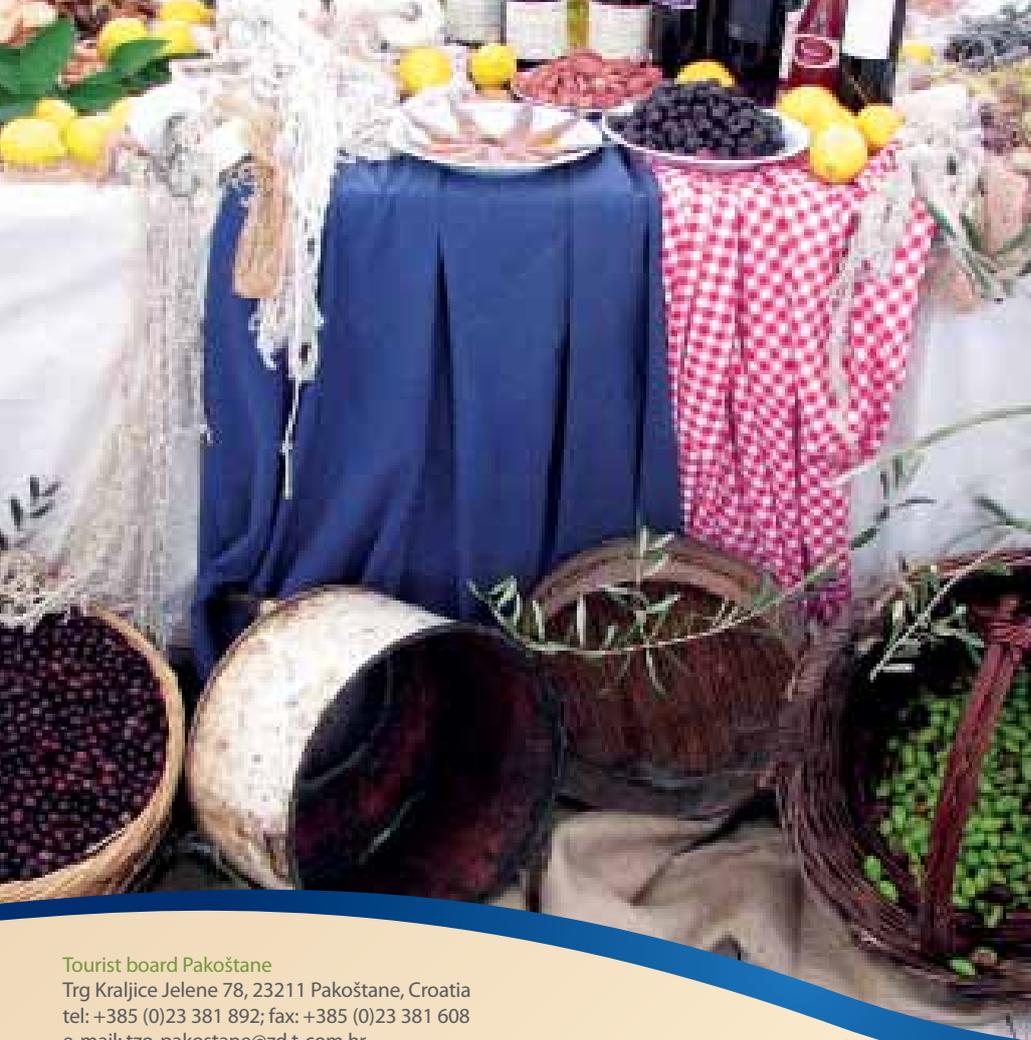


Municipality Lišane Ostrovičke

Lišane Ostrovičke 1, 23420 Lišane Ostrovičke, Croatia

tel: +385 (0)23 661 001; fax: +385 (0)23 661 222

e-mail: info@lisane-ostrovice.hr; www.lisane-ostrovice.hr



PAKOŠTANE

Area: 143,03, km² Population: 4282

Pakoštane, a place situated in the very centre of Dalmatia with an unique position between the sea and the Vrana Lake (Vransko jezero) rich in fish. It has a lot of natural beauties, the old pine wood, various beaches, clean inlets and islands. It is surrounded by the National parks Kornati, Krka and Paklenica.

Among the cultural and historical sites in Pakoštane an accent is on churches: the church of St. Justin 1794., situated on the island in front of the town (the island is the old cemetery), church of St. Mihovil, the old parish church built in the 1694., was located around the city cemetery, church of Uzaščašće Gospodinovo, the present parish church, built of stone 1906. in the area of the old parish church and church of St. Roko built in the 18th century and under communism turned into a warehouse.

Economy is based on tourism and agriculture.

Annual manifestations:

- Cycling Race
- Regatta of the small catamarans
- "Školjka festival" - festival of traditional dalmatian singing
- Summer Festival
- "Materine užance"
- Days of Vrana Nights
- Various singing and fishermans festivals during the summer

Tourist board Pakoštane

Trg Kraljice Jelene 78, 23211 Pakoštane, Croatia

tel: +385 (0)23 381 892; fax: +385 (0)23 381 608

e-mail: tzo-pakostane@zd.t-com.hr

www.pakostane.hr



The **Restaurant - Hotel Stipe** is situated in Drage, a small charming seaside-resort in the heart of Dalmatia. It is a three stars hotel, opened all year around, already since 1980 in family business. It offers 50 renovated rooms, terrace with splendid sea view, hotel car park, bus-parking, private dock, rent of mountain-bike and scooter and the most important thing is an excellent restaurant which offers a wide selection of dishes of fish, meat, Dalmatian-specialities and pizzas (wood-oven).

Contact:
Pakoštanska ka 18
23211 Pakoštane
e-mail: hotel-stipe-drage@net.hr
www.hotel-stipe.hr

“**Braniteljska zadruga Pakoštane**” with production of excellent olive oil makes Pakoštane even more a gastronomic destination than it already is.

Contact:
tel: +385 (0)23 381 602
e-mail: info@bzpakostane.hr



Dalma turist centar is a family agency doing business in the very centre of the town of Pakoštane for many years. This year a shop was opened in the heart of Pakoštane where you can find authentic domestic products from the area: wine, olive oil, various kind of grappa and different products from olives and lavender.

Contact:
Kraljice Jelene 2 , 23211 Pakoštane,
tel: +385 (0)23 381 990; fax: +385 (0)23 381 991
gsm: +385 (0)98 212 183
e-mail: info@dalmaturist.hr; www.dalmaturist.hr



Municipality Pakoštane
Trg Kraljice Jelene 78, 23211 Pakoštane, Croatia
tel: +385 (0)23 381 060; fax: +385 (0)23 381 064
e-mail: opcina-pakostane@zd.t-com.hr
www.opcina-pakostane.hr



Exlusive tours d.o.o. - Core business is manufacture of food products bread, pastries and deserts. The speciality is Kroštula, an authentic Dalmatian type of pastry. The company operates in the wider Dalmatian market and more intensively Zadar County market.

Contact:
Kraljice Jelene bb. 23211 Pakoštane
tel: +385 (0)23 381 552; www.krostula.hr

OPG “Karaba” has 12 000 vines planted with variety of red (Merlot, Plavac and Cabernet Sauvignon) and white grapes (Debit, Maraština, Pošip and Muškat). All vine created in OPG “Karaba” are branded by the name “Karaba” and each of them carries the name of the sort of grapes that was produced from. Current production is 6000 liters and in future is expected up to 20 000 bottles. All vine is distributed by its own retail.

Contact:
gsm: +385 (0)91 635 40 22





PAŠMAN

Area: 48,73 km², Population: 2095

The municipality of Pašman is located on the island Pašman south of Zadar. Among all islands in Croatian archipelago it is Pašman that has the biggest green surface considering its total area. And it is the 12th island in Croatian archipelago in land area. It is also known to have the cleanest water in the Adriatic due to the current constantly changing.

The traditional gastronomy of the island of Pašman and all its localities includes the preparation of several specialties that are based on light food - on fish and on vegetables seasoned with the high quality olive oil and Dalmatian spices such as rosemary or the bay-leaves, giving a wonderful taste to these Dalmatian dishes. The wealth of all sorts of fresh fish prepared in various ways: the brodetto or fish stew, grilled fish, the octopus prepared under a baking lid, hundreds of grilled dishes, this is what will keep you coming back to your island.

Pašman has taken the lead position between the numerous islands of Zadar when speaking about number of preserved medieval works of art and monuments. In the municipality of Pašman you can find Franciscan monastery of St. Dujmo from 14th century and church of St. Roko.

Economy is based on tourism and olive growing.

Annual manifestations:

- Island Folklore Festival
- Pašman Night
- Slovenian Night





“Landin” manufactures various types of delicious liqueurs from marasca, sage, maple, lemon, figs and many more.

Contact:

tel. +385 (0)23 285 199



“Pedišić d.o.o.” owns a trawl-boat length 22 meters, employs 3 people and operates successfully with profit since 1994., activity of catching and selling fish. Now it offers a unique opportunity to enjoy an active vacation, a trawling experience together with professional fishers. Since trawling is a special way of fishing, where fishing net pulls on the seabed, except the fish, the fishing net includes items discarded by mindless people (iron, plastic, glass ...).

These items finish on the deck of the fishing boat. Three containers in which the waste is separated that would later be submitted to the utility company for further recycling. With this act tourists will be informed about the high environmental awareness of Croatian fishermen, and also show concern about the preservation of the Adriatic sea.

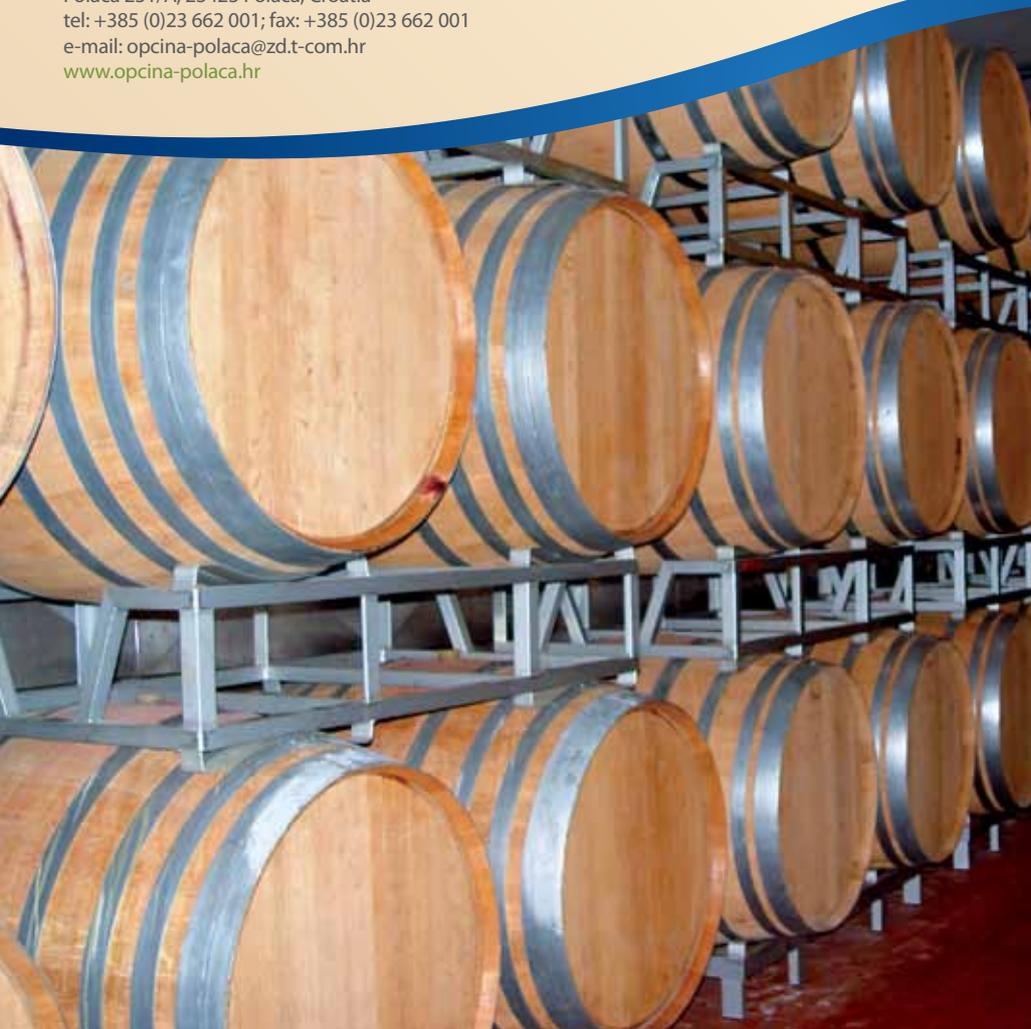
Contact:

Banj 34, 23262 Pašman

Mob: 00385 (0) 98 734 366

Municipality Pašman
Pašman bb (p.p. 1), 23262 Pašman, Croatia
tel: +385 (0)23 260 260; fax: +385 (0)23 260 402
e-mail: opcina.pasman@zdl.t-com.hr
www.pasman.hr

Municipality Polača
Polača 231/A, 23423 Polača, Croatia
tel: +385 (0)23 662 001; fax: +385 (0)23 662 001
e-mail: opcina-polaca@zd.t-com.hr
www.opcina-polaca.hr



POLAČA

Area: 82 km², Population: 2100

Trace of human existence in Polača dates from late neolithic and specially from bronze age from which you can find numerus sites. In 11th century it is mentioned as one of the centers of old Croatian county Sidraga. Name Polača is first mentioned in 14th century when it's found that a citadel is located in the village.

Economy is based on agriculture; fruit, vineyards, vegetables and olive growing and as well a form of agro - tourism.

Annual manifestations:

- Vincro - wine tasting event



“MasVin” cooperation is the result of the vision of several people who turned a karst, rocky ground and a wild landfill into fertile soil. The cooperative makes the production of top quality products through olive growing (table olives in different preparations and extra virgin olive oil) and viticulture (wine of top quality) and products made of fig.

The cooperative enables the purchase and production of olives and olive oils from other family farms, and marketing of these products under a common name, especially with the use of knowledge and techniques of top professionals.

The basis for the production of red wines is Crljenak kaštelanski, Cabernet Sauvignon, Merlot, Syrah, Plavina and Babić, while the white wine's basic assortment is Maraština, Chardonnay, Debit and Yellow Muscat. The planned production of wine is about 60,000 bottles per year. With the variety the total expected production is 100,000 l of extra virgin olive oil and about 4 cars of edible olives.

The result is visible since the cooperation has won numerous awards for best wine and olive oil in last few years.

Contact:

Hrvatskih sokolova 61, 23423 Polaća
tel: +385 (0)23 662 333, +385 (0)23 686 207
fax: +385 (0)23 686 402
e-mail: info@masvin-polaca.hr
www.masvin-polaca.hr





SUKOŠAN

Area: 37,94 km², Population: 4800

Sukošan is a place where fertile fields melt with a sky blue sea with a spacious and cultivated long coastline, numerous intimate coves and clean clear sea. Known as a nautical center, Sukošan is a site of Zlatna luka Marina, the Tustica Nature Complex, pebble beaches, comfortable camping sites, distinguished buildings, olive groves, vineyards, hospitable people and tradition. The town itself offers nice walks through the traditional narrow alleys.

In the tame landscape of the Sukošan lagoon, on the artificially made small islet, Zadar's archbishop Matheo Valaresso built a summer palace. This palace represents a most significant example of the pastorally architecture of the 15th century. In the time of the ottoman attacks, local inhabitants found a shelter inside the walls of palace. After turbulent war centuries and several earthquakes which hit this region, the palace almost vanished. Only three walls as modest remains of former palace which are most impressive during the summer solstice, when the sun sets down precisely between two walls. From other sites Sukošan has church of St. Kasijan (13th century), church of St. Martin (14th century), church of Our Lady of Mercy, the Upper Gate and the Coat of Arms of Zmajević.

The economy is based on tourism and agriculture (vegetables, olive growing and vineyards).



Tourist board Sukošan

Ulica I. kbr. 89, 23206 Sukošan, Croatia

tel: +385 (0)23 394 104; fax: +385 (0)23 393 345

e-mail: info@sukosan.hr

www.sukosan.hr



Annual manifestations:

- Small Easter Breakfast
- Fisherman summer nights - every thursday during the summer
- Klapa concerts - traditional dalmatian a-capella way of singing
- Donkey race "Memorial kenje Vijole" and Svičarenje
- Sukošan Night
- "Brudetijada" - gastronomic event



Dairy Bosnić d.o.o. - production of hard cheese.

Contact:

tel: +385 (0)23 390 615

OPG "Pavić" - production of wonderful authentic Dalmatian products. This family farm consists of one lavender plantation of 3000 pieces, two of 700 pieces, olive plantation of 160 trees, 400 trees of almonds, 50 trees of cherries and apiary of 100 beehives.

Contact:

gsm: +385 (0)98 186 45 38

e-mail: goran.pavic11@gmail.com

Rosemary - Debeljak - collection of medicinal plants and manufacture of healing products.

Contact:

gsm: +385 (0)98 257 941



ŠKABRNJA

Area: 22,93 km², Population: 1772

Škabrnja is a village in northern Dalmatia, Croatia, located halfway between Zadar and Benkovac in the lowland region of Ravni Kotari. Its municipality is called Škabrnje, and it includes Škabrnja as well as the smaller village of Prkos.

The first mention of "the forest of Škabrnje" dates from a medieval contract which mentions the village of Kamenjani located near Škabrnja. The village of Kamenjani itself was first mentioned in 1070, and the last time in 1700; it was a property of the Šubić family and located in the area around today's village cemetery.

The oldest two buildings in the village are the two Catholic churches: the church of St. Mary in the hamlet of Ambar, and the church of St. Luke at the village cemetery. The church of St. Mary dates from the 11th century and is built from stone, forming a hexagonal shape, one of several such old Croatian churches from northern Dalmatian towns and villages. The church of St. Luke was built in the 13th century, with a Gothic dome dated from 1440. It has a single nave which ends in an apsis, as well as a bell tower which was also built later.

Economy is based on agriculture, craftsmanship and entrepreneurship.

Annual manifestations:

- "Zapivaj mi moje grlo jasno" - festival of traditional music and dance
- St. Mary's Festival



OPG Miljanić welcomes you to the richness of original aroma and taste from the hearth of Ravni Kotari with their variety of products: numerous sorts of grappa, exquisite olive oil, delicious lamb and home made bread...

Contact:

e-mail: opg.miljanic@gmail.com



Municipality Stankovci

Stankovci bb, Croatia

tel: +385 (0)23 380 169; fax: +385 (0)23 380 141

e-mail: opcina-stankovci@zd.t-com.hr

www.stankovci.hr



STANKOVCI

Area: 82 km², Population: 2100

Stankovci is a municipality located some 50 km south-east from Zadar, in the hinterland of Pirovac. Seven settlements in the community are: Banjevci, Bila Vlaka, Budak, Crljenik, Morpolaća, Stankovci and Velim. Stankovci are the largest and are a center of the municipality.

The place was location of heavy fighting around the fort of Velim between the Venetians and Turks in the 16th-17th centuries, after which a new population was settled there, led by Franciscans. It is believed that Velim was the birthplace of St. Nikola Tavelić (also known as St. Nicholas Tavigli, 1340-1391), who is the first saint of Croatian origin, honoured as a martyr already in the 14th century, blessed in 1889 and canonized in 1970.

Economy is based on agriculture, livestock breeding and vineyards.

Annual manifestations:

- Degustation of the wines from Northern Dalmatia
- Folklore Festival
- First voice of Stankovci
- Boće Tournament - a form of traditional Dalmatian bowling
- Soccer Tournament
- Children Festival
- Country Olympics



Kuća dalmatinskog pršuta "Roca" - From a wide range of products that are offered on the farm "Roca", except the Dalmatian Prosciutto as the main product, there are also two kinds of sausage, red dalmatian, rosemary sausage, famous Dalmatian bacon, spread of lard, "buđola", smoked pork ...

The main objective of Roca d.o.o. is growing and processing of pork meat breeds Yorkshire, Landrasse, Duroc, from which it receives premium ham in tradi-

tional domestic production. In addition to the production, all of the products can be consumed in a beautiful Dalmatian tavern and in the courtyard sitting beneath olive trees.

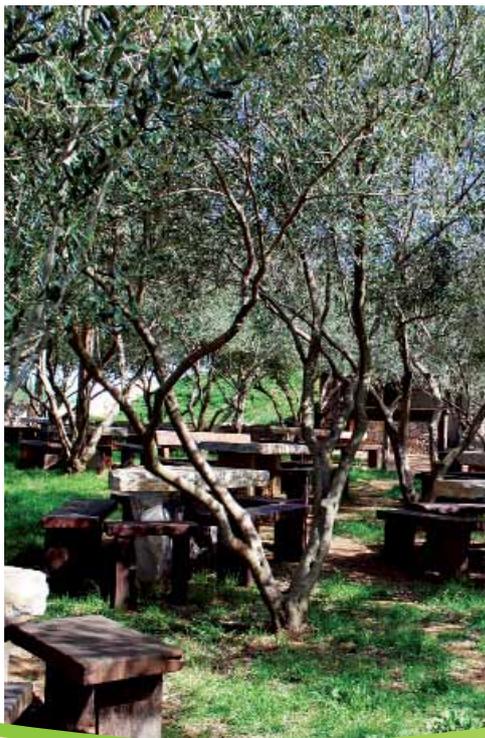
On the farm you can also buy all the products in a authentic shop "Roca" which in addition to its products provides a complete gastronomic offer of Dalmatian inland. Since the entire project is done in the spirit of traditional Dalmatian heritage, a traditional Dal-

matian house, "Ethno house", is also on the property. Visitors can really feel, see, sense and taste the spirit of indigenous Dalmatian family, "How once lived and ate our ancestors".

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TKON

Area: 15 km², Population: 753

Tkon is located on the southeast part of the island Pašman and also covers 13 smaller islands in the immediate vicinity, the largest of which are Gangaro, Žižanj and Košara, and the smallest Orlić. The islands of Planac and Čavatul are located in the Pašman channel, while the remaining islands are in the southeast, closer to the island of Vrgada, as well as in the southwest, near the islands Žut and Kornat. The surface of the Municipality amounts to 15 square kilometers.

The first settlement of the area was located 2 km to the south and not by the coast, unlike today's village is. The first mention of the settlement was found in the 10th century writings of Constantine Porphyrogenitus entitled *De Administrando Imperio*. A written source from 1067 mentions the village under the name of Katun, and a document from 1363 calls it Kun, which is a name still used by local residents. Local people call each other Kunjani (men) and Kunjke (women). The official name Tkon dates from 1840, when a Venetian topographer wrote down the name of the village as Tcon.

The oldest parts of today's Tkon, which contain typical Dalmatian stone houses with farming spaces in the lower story and living spaces on the upper, are visible in the Pelastra and Rudića dvori areas of the village. The center of the village used to be at the so-called "koledište", known locally as "kolešće", where the local well and gusterina are located. This is where all the rain would get collected and then serve as water supply for the entire village. Among the oldest monuments is the "parapet" (a wall surrounding the harbor), located in Tkon's harbor, and built midway through the 19th century, which still sometimes serves its original purpose. Other historical sites are: Pustograd, a fort



from 6th century, Ugrinić castle from 16th century, De Erco family summerhouse 18th century, drywalls that are cultural monuments, last active Benedictine monastery St. Kuzma and Damjan from 11th century and many others.

Tkon is a typical fishermen village and harbor, and some even call it “the gateway to the Kornati islands”. In the past, the main economic activity of the village was gathering Kunjka seashells, after which the village was named, from the Pašman channel.

In the municipalities of Tkon there are a lot of manufactures that are producing creative typical products for the island Pašman, all by under the quality label “Croatian island product”.

These products are result of the island's tradition of research and development, innovations and inventions whose level of quality must be measurable. There are food products (wine, brandy, liqueurs, olive oils, cheeses, pastries, fish, marinades, salad, honey), cosmetics and clothing products and souvenirs.

Annual manifestations:

- Škraping - famous trekking race
- Island fair
- Fisherman evening
- Tkon Day
- Tkon Carnival
- “Oštrim idrom i trevom na kunjkaru”
- Tkon film evenings



“Obrt Bojmić” - apartments in a peaceful and picturesque surroundings, ideal for a holiday.

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SV. FILIP I JAKOV

Area: 47,29 km², Population: 4426

Sv. Filip i Jakov is a pearl of Riviera, situated on the coast of the channel of Pašman. It is an attractive tourist resort with traditionally friendly hosts. Sv. Filip i Jakov is a place known for former summer residences and gardens of noblemen from Zadar of which the one of Borelli family is today still famous. Yet in the 1950s it started turning into an interesting destination for many tourists.

First mention of Sv. Filip i Jakov is from 11th century. There are numerous sites located in the area from that time like church of St. Roko (11th century), Gothic wooden crucifix with Jesus in natural size (14th century), church of The Lady from Karmel in Turanj (14th century), church of Stella Maris (9-10th century), church of St. Mihovil (restored in 14th century) and church of St. Andrija on island Babac (11th century).

Everybody will always come back gladly, having in mind Dalmatian song "To Filip Jakov I am to go, summer night attracts me so, the Moon may sense my desire, while the sea knows Filip Jakov I admire..."

Economy is based on tourism and agriculture.

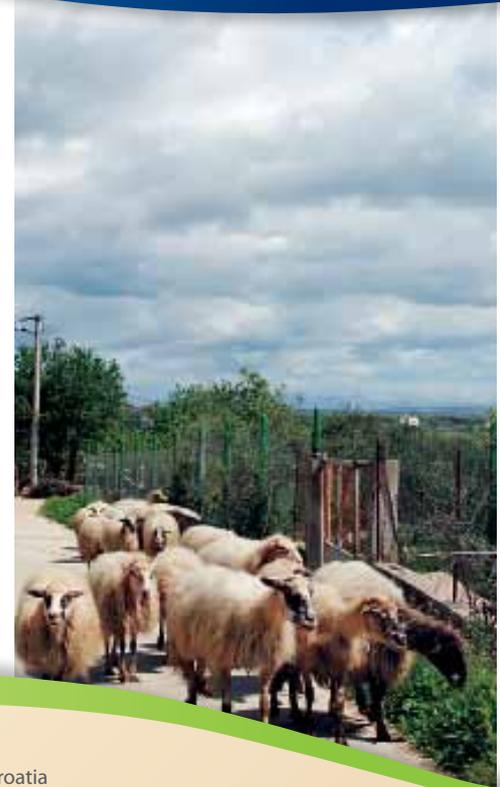
Annual manifestations:

- Flower Festival
- Evening of Folklore and Tradition
- "Slovo rogovsko" - festival of Glagolitic alphabet

Student cooperative "Đardin" - production and sales, Pyrethrum (flower), dock, school of glagolitic writing



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